

A. Wave response function: Adjoint

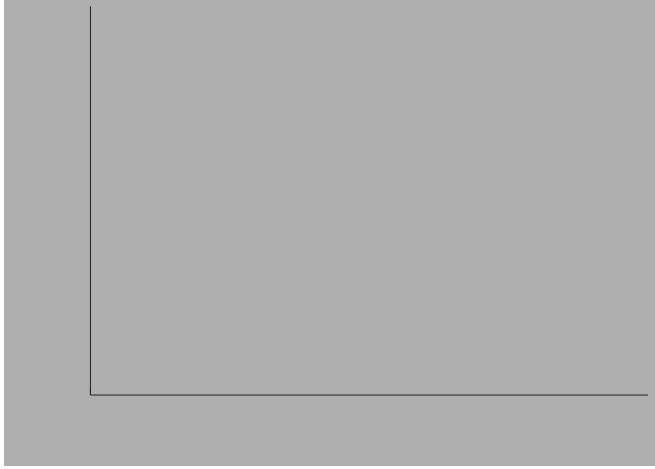
$(I(x, t) = 0), \quad u(x, t) = U(x - ct)$
 $c, \quad f \in C^1, \quad f'' > 0, \quad u_0 < u < u_1, \quad u_0, u_1$
 $w \in C^1, \quad \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} w(x) dx < \infty$
 $u(x, t) = U(x - ct), \quad I(x, t) = 0,$

$$cU_x = U + \int_{-\infty}^{\infty} w(x) f(U(x)) dx \quad (*)$$

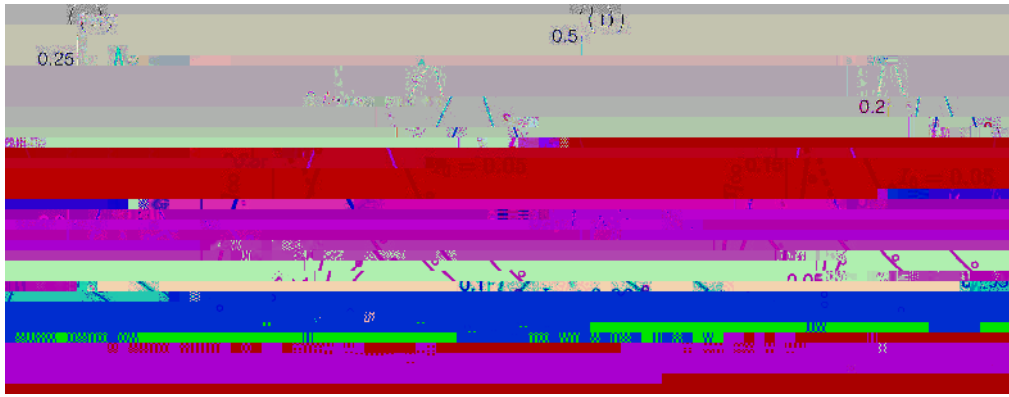
$I(x, t) = 0, \quad 0 < I(x, t) < \infty,$
 $I(x, t) = i8203 0151(30 0 1 scn(11.58441.358 TD 0.0592 90.610 < , - (0.4177 -1)] w 9 0 . 4 9 9 6$
 $=$

2020年12月31日

85.0 / 0(0)



1 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 9 10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25 26 27 28 29 30 31 32 33 34 35 36 37 38 39 40 41 42 43 44 45 46 47 48 49 50 51 52 53 54 55 56 57 58 59 60 61 62 63 64 65 66 67 68 69 70 71 72 73 74 75 76 77 78 79 80 81 82 83 84 85 86 87 88 89 90 91 92 93 94 95 96 97 98 99 100



$\Delta = 0, \Delta = ,$

Let $U(t) = U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt$

Let $U_0 = U(0) = U_0$

$$cU_0 = U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt \quad (1)$$

$$U(t) = \frac{U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt}{c + A \int_0^t U dt} \quad (2)$$

Let $U(t) = U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt$

$$\frac{U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt}{c + A \int_0^t U dt} = U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt \quad (3)$$

$$\frac{U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt + c}{c + A \int_0^t U dt} = U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt \quad (4)$$

$$\frac{A \int_0^t U dt}{c + A \int_0^t U dt} = U_0 + A \int_0^t U dt - U_0 = A \int_0^t U dt$$

$$\frac{A \int_0^t U dt}{c + A \int_0^t U dt} = 0$$

$$\Delta =$$

Be \dots

$$V(x) = H(x) + e^{-x/c} + e^{-x/c} + |e^{-(x+\Delta)/c}$$

\dots

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} e^{-n/c} = -\dots - \frac{1}{c}$$

\dots

$$C(x) = \frac{c}{\Delta} (x + \dots \Delta)$$

$$C(x - \Delta) = \frac{c}{\Delta} (x - \Delta + \dots)$$

\dots

$$V(x) = H(x) + \frac{\dots}{c} e^{-(x+\Delta)/c}$$

$$H(x + \Delta) + \frac{\dots}{c} e^{-(x - \Delta)/c}$$

\dots

$$\infty = \frac{I_0 V(x) d_1}{\frac{dV(x)}{dx} V(x) d_1} = 0, \quad (4)$$

\dots

$$\infty = I_0 \frac{\mathcal{P}_+(p) \mathcal{P}^-(p)}{A \dots (\dots \Delta)}$$

$$\mathcal{P}_+(p) = \begin{cases} \mathcal{H}_+ e^{-(x+p)/c}, & p > \Delta \\ \mathcal{H} e^{-(x+p)/c} + \mathcal{E}(\dots), & p < \Delta \end{cases}$$

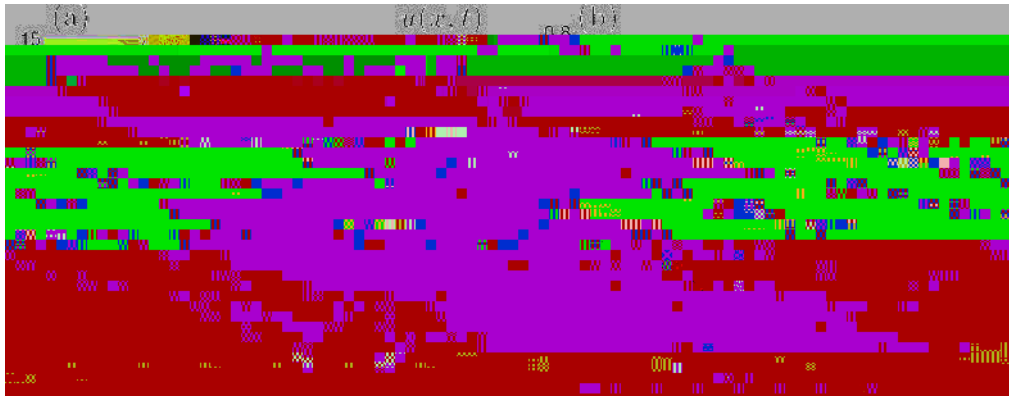
$$\mathcal{P}^-(p) = \begin{cases} \mathcal{H}_+ e^{-(\Delta - p)/c}, & p > p_+ \\ \mathcal{H} e^{-(\Delta - p)/c} + \mathcal{E}(\dots, \Delta), & p \in (p_-, p_+) \\ \mathcal{H} e^{-(\Delta - p)/c}, & p < p_- \end{cases}$$

\dots

$$\mathcal{H} = \dots - \frac{\Delta}{c}$$

$$\mathcal{E}(\dots) = e^{-(p - \Delta)/c}$$

\dots



$$I(t) = I_0(t - t_p) \cdot \left(\frac{t - t_p}{t} \right)^{\alpha} \quad (1)$$

... I_0 ... $U_s(\dots)$... I_0 ...

$$I_0 = A \dots \frac{\dots}{A \dots} + \dots \quad ()$$

... $I_0 > A \dots$... $I_0 > A \dots$...

$$I(\dots, t) = I_0(t)H(\dots + \Delta_I),$$

... Δ_s ... Δ_u ... U_s ...

$$I_0 > A \dots \frac{(\dots/A) \dots}{\dots} \dots \quad ()$$

$$\Delta_I = \Delta_s \quad \Delta_u = \dots \frac{(\dots/A) \dots}{\dots} \dots \quad ()$$

... () ...

V. CONCLUSION

... **b** ...

